## STRAWS FROM KENTUCKY.

WORKINGMEN OF LOUISVILLE WANT A GOOD DOLLAR WHEN THEY EARN IT.

SIGNIFICANT RESULT OF A CANVASS OF THE CITY'S WAGE EARNERS BY "THE

COURIER-JOURNAL."

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Washington, July 19.-On the Tuesday following the adjournment of the Chicago Convention Courier-Journal" published interviews with 225 business men of Louisville-all of whom are Democrats on the Chicago ticket. Of these 155 were opposed to the ticket, 30 were for it and 40 were non-committal. The Populist-Democrats at once exclaimed: "These are the money devils; wait until the masses On Thursday "the masses" spoke. Reporters were sent into the shops and manufacturing establihments and among laboring men generally Louisville with instructions to obtain answers

from Democrats to the following questions: "Have you heretofore affiliated with the Demo-cratic party." If the answer was in the affirmative then the question was asked:

"How do you stand on the Chicago ticket and platform?"

No expression was taken from those who said they had not heretofore affiliated with the Demo-

Of the 406 Democrats approached, 229 expresse themselves as against the Chicago platform, 136 said they would support it, and 41 said they had not made up their minds what they would do, or returned evasive answers. A number of those who said they would support the ticket said they were for gold, and would vote for Bryan under protest.

Most of those opposed to the ticket said that they would either not vote at all unless a soundnoney Democratic ticket should be placed in the field, or would vote the Republican National ticket.

The interviews may safely be taken as an index to the position of the Democratic laboring men of this city. The men were interviewed as the reporters came to them, and each, as far as possible, was literally reported-whether for or against sound money—and their replies printed without omission.'
That this statement is a fair and moderate one is That this statement is a fair and moderate one is shown by the interviews themselves, a few of which

quoted as fair samples: Fred Wolf, tailor-When I work for a dollar, I want a dollar for my labor, and not 50 cents. This what the workingmen would get under free sllver. I would not support any party that would measures like this in force. I have been a Democrat for years and have supported the ticket, in November I must vote for McKinley. James Porter, night watchman-If that free-silver

craze spreads much more and those fellows win, I'll be out of a job, because of the business panic that is sure to follow. Make my opinion in favor of sound money as strong as you possibly can. John Sipp, superintendent of the grate-finishing department, Scanlon & Co.-I am a Democrat, but this time I am for McKinley and against the Demo-

James Despain, machinist-I am a laboring man and not a politician. I have never voted, but this time I think I will vote for McKinley, because he

wants sound money. Albert Stoll, castings finisher-The reason I am for sound money is because I am satisfied with the present money I am getting, although I would like to get more of it. I do not think that if free silver wins I will be getting as much as I now receive

James Gilligan, furnace helper-I am for the gold standard. That is what we have been having, and with the return of the good times which the election will bring if the sound-money candidate wins we will not want any of the so-called free silver. Many workingmen think free silver means free money for them. I know better.

Thomas Tindell, former president of the Tailors'

Union-I will not vote for a Populist who is hitched to a millionaire. I want a dollar to be worth a dollar. I have always been a Democrat, and think it should be the party of the people. If any hard-money Democrat were nominated, I would vote for him against McKinley. Still, I shall vote for him against Bryan, for I cannot support free silver. A. Fuchs, custings polisher-You may say for me that I am in favor of sound money, and the

will have nothing to do with this craze thet call the workingmen will be free to go where they Joe Campbell carpenter-What is the use of a man voting for money that will be worth half

what it is now, if the free-silver side wins? voting with the Republicans. Jacob L. Mayes, laborer-I don't want any Popu-

lism in mine. I have always been a Democrat, but that ticket and platform I will not support. they get into power, if they win.

John Quinman, laborer-Let us have sound That alone will make me vote against the Democrats this time, and that is something I never did before. I don't want any 56-cent dollars. E. L. Spies, blacksmith-I am not in favor of the platform adopted at Chicago, McKinley will wipe

Joseph T. White, machinist-I am a Democrat and a gold standard man, without any "ifs" or I regard the Chicago Convention as a crowd of "dancing dervishes," and shall have nothng to do with them or their platform.

John Fleming, tailor-I cannot vote the Demoannot see how it could possibly benefit the work-

"Jim" Gresham, of Smead & Co., fitter-I have all rays been a Democrat, but shall vote for Mc

"Jim" Gresham, of Smead & Co., fitter—I have always been a Democrat, but shall vote for McKinley.

Harry N. Waugaman, lithographer—I shall vote the Republican ticket.

Ed Peters, lithographer.—I shall not vote the Democratic ticket.

Ed Yeager, botter—I am a Democrat, but I will vote for McKinley. The silver platform is rotten.

E. N. Doup, machinist—I have been a Democrat, but as I want good money I guess I'll either have to vote for McKinley or not vote at all. If they put a third ticket in the field I'll support it.

A. G. Bateman, carriage wood worker—I am a goldbug, and am in favor of putting cut a third and sound-money Democratic ticket; otherwise I am for McKinley.

Fred Kalkhof, wagonmaker—Have been a Democrat, but will have to vote for McKinley and sound money this time.

Joseph Lipps, carriage finisher—I will support a sound-money Democrat if one is brought out; otherwise will be for McKinley.

George Wilson, carriage trimmer—I will vote for McKinley and sound money.

Robert Wilson, Sulzer-Vogt Company—Will vote for McKinley, because I don't favor free silver.

George Lemon, patternmaker—I have always been a Democrat, but shall vote for McKinley this time.

J. M. Huttl, stable boss—I have been for sound money all my life. All my people are. I won't vote for Bryan.

Mike Lollinger, stable hand—I am for sound money all my life. All my people are. I won't vote for Bryan.

Mike Lollinger, stable hand—I am for sound money all my life. All my people are. I won't vote for Bryan.

Mike Lollinger, stable boss—I have been a Democrate ever since I could vote. I am the same as Mr. Ackerman and against free silver.

Peter Weaver, brewer—I am for sound money and will not vote any other ticket.

Fritz Ehalt driver—Put me down for sound money and for McKinley, if I am a Democrat.

Ed Loranz, driver—I am for a sound-money President, and will not vote for Bryan and Sewall.

Jock Hackmann, engineer—I vote sometimes, but I won't vote for free silver.

ident, and will not vote for Bryan and Sewall.

Jack Hackmann, engineer—I vote sometimes, but I won't vote for free silver. I will vote for McKinley first.

John Senn, telephone driver—Sound money and against the Chicago platform.

Herman Harvekaut, engineer—I am for sound money and against the platform on which Bryan and Sewall were nominated.

Fontaine Valentine Schaffer, cellar man—I am for sound money, and unless the Democrats nominate a ticket, will vote for McKinley.

Phil Benhauer, cellar man—We want gold and won't vote for the Democratic nominees.

Joe Dennis, cellar hand—I am for gold money and against the platform.

Vincent Schmidt, cellar boss—I am also for sound money and would vote for McKinley before I would support the Chicago platform.

Nick Pferter, driver—I am for sound money and will not vote for Bryan.

Peter Enz, chief of the driving department of Senn & Ackerman—I am for sound money and will not vote any other ticket.

David Gwinn, inspector of the Ohio Valley Telephone Company—I am for sound money and against the so-called Democratic nominee. We ought to but out another ticket. If good men are named I will vote for them, otherwise I am for Kkinley.

Joe Schenk, painter—I am a Democrat, but if they don't put up a sound-money man, I will vote for McKinley.

Messrs. Speaker & Reichert, painters—We are for a sound-money nominee for the Democracy.

T. Samuels, wheelwright—I want a sound-money nominee for the Democracy.

Theodore Schmeizer, tobacco stripper—Sound money.

## THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

None genuine without the signature of the firm Andreas Saxlehner on the land.

Colgate & Co's

## **VIOLET WATER**

Edward Davis, painter-I am a Democrat, but I want a sound-money nominee.

J. L. Shuter, striper-I am for Democracy and

want a sound-money nominee.

J. L. Shuter, striper—I am for Democracy and silver.

John Landes, painter—I will vote for a Democratic sound-money nominee or McKinley.

Harry Jacob, varnisher—I will vote for a sound-money nominee or for McKinley.

William Gauld, watchman—I want a sound-money nominee in the Democratic party.

Theodore Krieger, painter—I will vote for a sound-money nominee or McKinley.

BRYAN BUSY WITH HIS MAIL. HE ATTENDS CHURCH IN THE MORNING, BUT

Lincoln, Neb., July 19.-It was 6 o'clock this Mrs. Bryan and W. F. Schwind, who are acting as secretaries to the nominee, had opened and orted vesterday's mail, and then they sighed as they looked at the big bundle of mail matter that

ed to a sermon by a young minister culogistic Demo-Populist nominee. This is the church of the Demo-Populist nominee. in which Mr. Bryan teaches a Bible class, but he omitted his duties in that connection to-day. There was no unusual number of people present. the services were over Mr. Bryan shook hands with a number of the congregation, and was then driven to his home, and began work on the ac cumulated mail matter.

are legion, and each and every one of them i anxious for the candidate to try his wares. may be said that Mr. Bryan neither drinks spirit

years old.

It has been practically decided that the Demo-cratic campaign headquarters shall be established in Chicago. As previously stated in these dis-patches, Mr. Bryan will have his personal head-quarters here. To-morrow he will occupy the apartments reserved for his use at the Lincoln Hotel, and will receive visitors there.

MARYLAND REPUBLICANS WILL OPEN THE CAM-

PAIGN THIS WEEK AND PUSH THE FIGHTING.

cago Convention's silver platform, Chairman Wellington, of the Republican State Committee, has decided to begin the campaign earlier in this State than ever before. Headquarters will be opened in Baltimore this week. Mr. Wellington, who so successfully led the party to victory last fall. that the Democrats do not expect to carry Mary-land on a silver ticket. He predicts 20,000 plurality for McKinley and Hobart, and is confident that at least three out of the six Congress districts will go Republican. He has been assured by hundreds of sound-money Democrats that they will vote for the Republican Congress as well as National

try, because of the enthusiastic interest he has always taken in the political welfare of Germanrecently received he is confident that McKinley and Hobart will carry the Northwestern States on the money issue, because the German vote is almost unanimous for sound currency. The electoral votes of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Micnesota, Iowa and North Dakota, he says, will be for the representatives of the gold standard. Heretofore, as the German vote in most of these States has been cast so have the elections gone. The Germans understand the currency question, and they do not care to have their accumulations, the result of thrift, economy and energy, cut down one-half

of thrift, economy and energy, cut down one-half in value.

"I am confident," he says, "that the Germans, who are going to vote almost to a man this fall, will not only make up for any defection from the Republican ranks in these States, but will place them in the column of McKinley, Hobart and an honest dollar."

The meeting of the convention of the Maryland League of Republican Clubs this week is expected to be the largest ever held. Stephen R. Mason, president of the League, says that a short time ago there were 120 clubs in the League, the majority of them having headquarters in Baltimore, but he had no doubt, from the enthusiasm that now prevalled, that by the time of the meeting of the convention there will be a much larger membership, with the country clubs probably in the majority. The convention will be held on July 22, and will close with a big ratification of the nominations at St. Louis. General Felix Agnus will preside at the meeting.

AT ROCKBRIDGE WHO DENOUNCE THE

Among the prominent Southerners to be seen at this resort, there is one group that is often seen to gether, consisting of Charles F. Penzel, bank president and wholesale grocer, of Little Rock, Ark., and head of the Sound-Money Democratic Club of tha: State; Richard Maury, of Darville, Va., head of the great Maury Tobacco Export Company; W. F. Summerell, of Winston-Salem, N. C., the largest writer of life insurance in that State; J. Fred Effinger, bank president, of Staunton, Va., and president of half a dozen coal and iron companies in Northwestern West Virginia, and James A. Frazier, who owns a large part of the neighboring town of Clifton Forge and has long been a dogged, invincible leader in Bath and Rockbridge County (Va.) politics. All of these men will vote for Me Kinley in preference to any third candidate that

ical crisis and does not mince words when he dwells on the certain terrors of a possible Bryan and Sewall régime. He says that the question is not one of gold standard or of flat standard, but that it is concerned with the very existence of the Government. He regards the issue as clean-cut be tween the reputable, worthy, honest business mer of the United States and all the Socialists and Populists and Anarchists who flock to the standard of Tillman and Altgell. If the latter vote in their mean either terrorism or Caesarism. He dwelt with lingering emphasis upon the plank so adroitly inserted into the Chicago platform, denouncing the interference of the Central Government with local

strikes and disorders.

Mr. Penzel has a wide acquaintance with the farmers of Arkansas, Texas and contiguous States He says they are all dupes of the free-silver papers they take and the incendiary orators let loose upon their assemblies. The papers tell them that fre-

A PROOF OF THEIR PATRIOTISM.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 19.-Henry C. Payne, Wisconsin member of the National Republican ComFIGHTING FOR HERKIMER.

MR. PLATT'S ALLURING PROPOSITIONS TO TITUS SHEARD.

HIS OFFER OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORSHIP

A MEANS OF FIGHTING WARNER MILLER. Little Falls, N. Y., July 19 (Special).-The desperate character of the fight that Mr. Platt is making against ex-Senator Miller in this county has been strikingly illustrated of late. The story of how he tried in vain to persuade Alfred Dolge to betray his lifelong friendship for Mr. Miller was told in The Tribune several days ago. Mr. Dolge spurned the proposition, and in doing so voiced the indignation of the overwhelming majority of Herkimer County people against the whole plan of operations pursued by Mr. Platt in his desire to revenge himself upon his rival.

As already stated, Mr. Platt's servile lieutenant, Edward Lauterbach, utterly falled to make any favorable impression upon Mr. Doige. But, though he failed, he did not abandon all hope. Remem-bering the personal differences existing between ex-Senator Titus Sheard and Mr. Miller, he has undertaken to utilize this unfortunate quarrel to his own advantage. He has done so by offering Mr. Sheard his support for Lleutenant-Governor in return for Sheard's influence against Miller in this county.

When the first announcement of this was made few politicians believed it. That he should let his ambition and personal differences with Mr. Mille cause him to fall in with this plan is a subject of deep regret on the part of his best friends here an throughout the State. It seemed incredible at first, but there is apparently no doubt on the now. Mr. Sheard spend several days in New-York, and on his return home last Monday night he ad mitted to his friends that he would be a candidate for Lieutenant-Governor and try to carry Herkimer County on that issue. His declaration was hear with profound regret, for it is the judgment of the with profound regret, for it is the judgment of the best politicians here that Mr. Sheard will be beaten because his candidacy is thoroughly understood to be merely a subterfuce of Mr. Platt's party for the purpose of beating Mr. Miller in the county. No one thinks for an instant that even were it in Mr. Platt's power to do so he would give the Lleunant-Governorship to him. There are too many eager aspirants for the honor in the Fiatt camp, and there is not one of them who has not got as much encouragement from Mr. Platt as Mr. Sheard has received.

much encouragement from Mr. Platt as Mr. Sheard has received.

In other words, Mr. Sheard's candidacy for Lieutenant-Governor at this time means nothing more than a desperate effort on Mr. Platt's part to secure control of this county. Mr. Sheard having made himself a party to the scheme, simply becomes in the eyes of the voters here a tool of Mr. Platt, and will be treated as such eyen by men who like him personally.

Mr. Miller is at Lake George, but he declines to discuss the matter, insisting that it is for the Republicans of the county to pass upon. His friends have perfect confidence in an overwhelming victory for him in the convention.

George W. Aidridge. Superintendent of Public Works, is supposed here to be the Platt candidate for Governor, and Mr. Sheard is to go on the ticket with him. It is rumored that a number of canal appointments in Herkimer County will be made within a few days for the purpose of influencing the primaries, but Mr. Miller's friends assert that Mr. Platt will discover that the Republicans of Herkimer cannot be bought with offices or with State money.

Under the circumstances Mr. Sheard's candidacy is really beneficial to Mr. Miller, because up to the time of his identification with Platt a great many people had been more or less in sympathy with Mr. Sheard, but now that he has gone over to the Platt camp, these gentlemen feel that they can no longer support his side of the quarrel.

SOUND MONEY IN ALABAMA. AN ACTIVE CAMPAIGN TO BE WAGED TO ELECT

CONGRESSMEN WHO BELIEVE IN HONEST MONEY.

Birraingham, Ala., July 19 (Special).-The soundmoney Democratic merchants, insurance agents, bankers and iron and furnace operators in Ala bama are rapidly organizing in aid of the cause of sound money. The crusade is to take shape more particularly in an effort to elect sound-money Con gressmen, as the State machinery is in the hands of free-silver Democrats, and little hope is felt by any other element in its ability to carry the Stat The sound-money crusade will not break out in

North Alabama until after the State election or August 3, when mammoth lists which have been circulated will be published and sound-money clubs will be organized. Sound-money Democrats in Mont-gonery and Troy, in South Alabuma, have recently declared themselves. McKinley will get a large percent of the sound-money Democratic vote, the rest abstaining from voting at all.

Revolutionists, Anarchisis, Socialists, Communists Sewall, who captured the Democratic organization at Chicago, have made the name of Democrat so unpopular that all who believe in a Republican form of government can with consistency follow in the footsteps of Thomas Jefferson, and for the time being call themselves Republicans, and vote for the man who stands before them as the representative of all that a Democrat holds dear, viz: "An honest, adequate revenues for the uses of the Government, protection to labor and industry; preservation of the home market, and beside these, what we should have; reciprocity, which means, specially: Equality between the citizens of two countries with respect to the commercial privileges to be enjoyed by each within the domain of the other to the extent provides by treaty. vided by treaty."

WISCONSIN WILL HAVE A GOLD TICKET THE BOLTING DELEGATES-AT-LARGE IN FAVOR OF

Bragg, Senator Viias, James J. Hogan and James G. Flanders, the delegates-at-large from this State to the Chicago Convention, held a conference yes-terday and issued a declaration explaining the ac-

As a result of the meeting it is certain that the gold Democrats of Wisconsin will put a ticket in the field in the State election, regardless of the bolters in other States. General Bragg is about the only one of the leaders who still believes that Democratic State Convention, to be held Sep-

the Democratic Stats Convention, to be need september 5.

J. J. Hogan expressed the sentiments of the majority when he said: "I believe the sentiment of a large portion of the Democrats of the State is in favor of a new ticket, and it is probable one will be put in the field."

In the statement which has been issued, and which is signed by nineteen of the delegates to the Chicago Convention, reference is made to a mass meeting or a conference of the gold men to take action to repudiate the Chicago platform and nominees. The conference las ed from 11 o'clock yesterday until 5 o'clock last night.

THE NEW-ENGLAND POPULISTS. CONNECTICUT DELEGATES IN THIS CITY WITH-

The Populist delegates from Maine, New-Hampshire, Massachusetts and Rhode Island who wer expected in this city yesterday morning to confer with their brethren of the same creed from Con-necticut, did not, so far as could be learned, ar-rive here. It is likely, therefore, that they will come here by one of the Fall River Line boats, and proceed at once without breaking their journey to St. Louis, where their National Convention opens on Wednesday. It is understood that the Connectithe Populist representatives from the other States

the Populist representatives from the other States mentioned, for the purpose of debating the advisability of supporting Bryan in preference to running an independent candidate.

The headquarters of the Connecticut delegates during their stay in this city since Saturday night have been at the United States Hotel, Fulton and Water sts., about a block only, by-the-way, from Gold-st. The delegates passed their time yesterday in viewing the sights of the city. They will start for St. Louis at 16 o'clock this morning.

WILLIAM E. RUSSELL'S FUNERAL TO-DAY. Cambridge, Mass., July 19.-The death of William E. Russell was touchingly referred to in many churches in this city to-day. The churches were all crowded, and appropriate music was given, and in many churches the services were devoted wholly to honoring the memory of the dead Executive.

The body lies in the library of the Russell home. Two police officers guarded the house all day, but their presence was not needed. Thousands of peotheir presence was not needed. Thousands of a ple passed the house in the day and evening wreath of try and oak leaves hung from the d knob. The curtains were drawn and not a per was seen in the house. Intimate friends and r tives were allowed to gaze upon the remains, features looked remarkably lifelike. The private services will be held at the house il o'clock to-morrow, after which the body will in state at the City Hali.

**Sound Money** 

—Telephone Charges

A word or two on Telephone Rates The charge for telephone service in New York is based strictly on the use of the service by the subscriber. Every subscriber has the same equipment—Long Distance Telephone and Metallic Circuit Line—and the same grade of service. The rate varies in accordance with the number of local messages contracted for

Minimum Rate, \$90 a Year Direct Line, 600 Local Messages,

New York Telephone Co. (Successor to the Metropolitan Telephone and Telegraph Company)

Cortlandt St. 113 West 38th St. しつしついついついつ

THE FIGHT FOR SOUND MONEY

AN APPEAL FROM THE M'KINLEY STATE LEAGUE.

THE EDUCATIONAL CAMPAIGN-FUNDS NEEDED FOR ITS PROSECUTION

The managers of the McKinley State League recognize the fact that there is a great work to be do in this State in fighting the silver insanity. The poison which is infecting the political constitution of the commonwealth, changing robust and health; sentiment on the financial question under the seductive influences of free-silver literature diseased and demoralized condition that would welcome a debased currency for supposed personal ad-League is laboring to instruct and enlighten voters in the infected districts, exposing the sophistry of the free-silver arguments and proving how utterly groundless are the claims of the enemies of honest oney when they represent that this or that class of citizens would be benefited by the unlimited coinage of silver. The history of the civilized world shows that the laboring and agricultural classes are the first and the continuous sufferers from a debased currency, and the salient points applicable to the present status of the money question in this country the League is making it its duty to present and illustrate, so that every voter of intelligence Among the members of the Organization Com-

mittee who are devoting their attention to this work of the League are ex-Mayor George C. Bayless, of J. Belden, of Syracuse; W. B. Berry, of Potsdam; John H. Clark, of Lockport; Chester S. Cole, of Corning: John Consalus, of Troy: William B. Jones, of Jamestown; L. H. Jerome and A. B. Humphrey of New-York: E. Watson Gardiner, of Amsterdam John F. Montignani, of Albany: John W. Stevenson Ludolph, of Rochester: B. B. Taggart, of Water-town; Charles A. Moore, of Brooklyn; E. M. Santee, of Cortland; A. S. Newcomb, of Kingston; Dix W. Smith, of Elmira; William C. Warren and George C. Matthews, of Buffalo; A. M. Van Buskirk, of Clyde; W. L. Watrous, of Waverly; Thomas Fitchle, of Brooklyn; H. H. Hawley, of Malone; General San uel Thomas, Dr. E. J. Tucker, John E. Milholland, Dr. Louis L. Seaman, Thomas Sturgis, Henry ( Colonel F. D. Grant and A. H. Steele, of New-York. The League needs aid in this work. The following tter was sent out yesterday from the League's headquarters, No. 29 East Twenty-second-st.:

headquarters, No. 28 East Twenty-second-M.:

The McKinley League of the State of New-York is one of the largest and most powerful political organizations in this or any other State. There are over one hundred and fifty thousand members on its rolls. It extends into every centre of this great commonwealth and has on its lists the most intelligent, patriotic and energetic element of our citizenship. Its unprecedented work in behalf of the Republican Presidential candidate is too well known to require comment here.

The chief object of the League's activity at present is the election of a sound-money candidate for President, William McKinley. Its energies are being devoted to this, for we realize that the money issue transcends all other considerations in the campaign.

declared themselves. McKinley will get a large percent of the sound-money Democratic vote, the percent of the sound-money Democratic vote, the rest abstanting from voting at all.

NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS.

Mexico, Mo., July 19.—The IXth Congress District Populists yesterday nominated B. O. Sims, of Audrain County, for Congress.

WILLING TO FOLLOW THOMAS JEFFERSON. Parkersburg, W. Va., July 18 (Special)—Walter Rineha.t. of Wheeling, a life-long Democrat, and one of the most prominent figures in the West Virginia Democracy, talks against the Chicago ticket.

do not stop at the distribution of literature, the holding of mass-meetings or general appeals. Our workers make a house-to-house, shop-to-shop and farm-to-farm canvass where necessary.

Our work is supported entirely by voluntary contributions on the part of our own friends here. We have not asked for nor received one dollar from the National Committee or any outside source. We prepose that New-York shall take care of itself in this matter, and while the so-called "Regular" organizations are holding snap conventions, packing caucuses and padding rolls for the purpose of maintaining their supremacy in the party organization, the League is devoting itself to the preservation of the National honor and the only true financial standard of civilization.

To carry on our work money is needed and preded at once. Will you not help us? There is no way in which you can do the cause you love at heart so much good as through the League's channels of usefuiness.

Please make your check payable to the Hon. Cornellus N. Bliss, No. 117 Duane-st., or to George J. Murray, Secretary, No. 29 East Twenty-second-st.

A HANDSOME REPUBLICAN BANNER. COUNTY COMMITTEE.

The Republican County Committee has unfurled its banner to the breeze and taken the field with a rush in the interest of the Republican National Broadway have in the past been ignorant of the location of the County Committee's rooms, they no longer have an excuse for not knowing. The committee has hung out a banner of huge dimensions, naming their nominees and making their headquarters the most conspicuous place uptown. The headquarters of the County Committee, as announced upon the banner, are in West Thirtyeighth-st, in the Telephone Building, and the flag

eighth-st., in the Telephone Building, and the flag is hung across Broadway nearby.

The banner spans the entire street. At the top is a picture of an American spreadeagle, and beneath is the announcement, "Regular Republican Nominations." Then come the pictures of the candidates, neatly entwined and joined by the coat-of-arms of the Empire State. Beneath is the inscription: "For President, William McKinley, of Ohio. For Vice-President, Garret A. Hobart, of New-Jersey." The announcement of the head-quarters of the County Committee is made below.

The ensign is one of the handsomest political banners ever made, and has attracted a great deal of attention since it was put in place. The pictures of Major McKinley and Mr. Hobart are really excellent, and any one seeing them would recognize either candidate, if he were to see him, from the picture.

AN IMPORTANT REPUBLICAN RALLY. PROMINENT SPEAKERS TO ADDRESS THE HELL

The Republicans of the XXXth Assembly District are wide awake and are carrying on a telling fight against the enemies of National honor. One of the most important organizations of that district is the Hell Gate Republican Club, whose motto is: "It is Natural for the Patriotic Citizens of a Republic to be Republicans."

A grand rally for M. Kinley, Hobart and honest money will be held this evening at the clubhouse, No. 310 East Eighty-sixth-st. Eloquent speakers will attack the free-silver iniquity and expose the deceptions of the advocates of dishonesty and a debased currency. —Among those who are announced to speak are Garret A. Hobart, State Con.co.ler James A. Roberts, ex-Congressman John A. Wise, Alderman Ellas Goodman, John Proctor Clarke, General Anson G. McCock and General James R. O'Beirne.

There will be a display of freworks before the meeting, and a fine band will furnish the music. will attack the free-silver iniquity and expose the

The Republican Organization of the XXVth Asembly District will hold an important meeting in the interest of McKinley and sound money, at Mott Memorial Hall, No. 64 Madison-ave., on Thursday evening. Two Republicans of National repussion and fine ability as public speakers are expected to be present. All Republicans of the XXVth Assembly District who favor decency in politics are invited to be present.

REJECTING THE ALTGELD TICKET. Waterbury, Conn., July 19.—Emmet P. Riordan, a Democratic Town Committeeman, has handed in his resignation. He says he cannot support the Chi-cago platform on account of the silver plank, and that he will vote and work for McKinley. "The Waterbury Sunday Herald" (Ind.) to-day

announces that it will support the Republican

POLITICAL NOTES

An impressive illustration of the strength of the Democratic revolt against Bryan in this State is furnished by the demand for the fing buttons which the McKinley League is furnishing to Democrats who propose to vote for the sound money candidate -William McKinley. It is only three or four days since the announcement of this feature of the for these buttons amounts to upward of 40,000. It for these buttons amounts to upward of 40,000. It come from all parts of the State and from other States as well. The League proposes to take care of New-York first, but it will endeavor to supply the demand in other States as rapidly as possible. These buttons contain nothing but the American flag and the words "Sound Money—No Repudiation," around the border.

The contest for Governor between the various candidates who are ranged in opposition to Saxton, Mr. Miller, Mr. Roberts, or any of the others will not for a moment allow their personal ambitions to stand in the way of success of the movement to rid the party of bossism. Each of them has expressed himself in the most emphatic way in this contest. This is most encouraging, because it must enable the McKinley forces of the State to realize their full strength at Saratoga.

Politicians familiar with the actual situation in

the State were somewhat amused last week by the announcement in the Platt-Tammany organ vention chosen thus far all but six were in favor of the machine. Under any circumstances it is pretty early in the day to talk about this subject, but to talk about it in such a wild way as this would indicate that the machine has reached that stage of claiming everything which usually indicates a hopeless state of mind. The machine may not be hopeless, but it is terribly alarmed. If it were not, it would not undertake to do the things it is now doing in New-York, Albany and Onondaga counties, and every other place where an enrolment enables it to keep Republicans by the thousand out of the organization. Of course, it is not true that the proportion of Platt and anti-Platt dele-gates is represented by the figures quoted, but the Anti-Machine leaders are not such political simpletons as to publish their canvass at this time. They are not making that sort of a campaign; they realize that the time for brass bands and pyro-technic displays has gone by. They are making a still hunt, and they are making it effectively, as Mr. Platt will discover when he goes into the next State convention. It may be worth while to remember that when

the McKinley League was only twenty-four hours though the hall was packed in Mr. Platt's interest The League is now over four months old, and though infinitely stronger, it is just as bold and aggressive as it was on the night of its birth at Cooper Union.

Executive Committee from New-York has given a little consolation to the followers of Mr. Platt. They think that the Boss may be chosen after all as Mr. Hanna's adviser. It is a good thing to hope, but David B. Hill or Arthur P. Gorman has infinitely better chances of securing the place than Thomas C. Platt. Mr. Hanna is chairman of the National Committee. He naturally desires to the National Committee. He naturally desires to make the best possible appointments and he is proceeding cautiously in the matter, but it can be set down as a fact that neither Mr. Platt nor any representative of Mr. Platt will be chosen for this position. If Platt's member of the National Committee, Frederick S. Gibbs, who certainly has the best claim of any machine man for the place, was not chosen, what likelihood is there of the position being given to any other follower of the Boss? The Advisory Committee of the National Com-

nittee will consist of about twenty to thirty members. It is made up of men who know how to Board. Cornelius N. Bliss can have the position or any other place on the National Committee that he wants, and he will probably accept a place on this body at the urgent request of Mr. Hanna. He declined the treasuryship long ago, but the pressure is very strong upon him to take the place. Mr. Platt's friends may have had the position of executive member had he allowed his name to be used for the place. The other member of the Advisory Board from this State will probably be Frank Witherbee, Mr. Witherbee is a friend of Mr. Platt, but he is Witherbee is a friend of Mr. Platt, but he is a much older friend of Mr. Hanna. They have had business relations for over twenty years, and it has been Mr. Hanna's desire for months to have Mr. Witherbee associated with him in the campaign, although he is perfectly aware that the gentieman from Port Henry has held close relations with Mr. Platt for some time. He knows, however, that Mr. Witherbee is not only wealthy but somewhat independent at times, and he feels that in recognizing him he is adopting a safe and broad-gauged policy.

is about as close and corrupt a political organiza-tion as are those of the worst Assembly districts in New-York City, run by Cornelius Van Cott, George Hilliard, or "Abe" Gruber. Barnes has built in up a machine through patronage and money that Platt has given him, until he has succeeded in Tammanyizing Albany County most effectively. He Tammanyizing Albany County most effectively. He went through the form of holding an enrolment a few days before the primaries, but it was held on such short notice that it was really little more than a farce. The intelligent elements of the independent forces paid little attention to it, because they realized that no matter how many votes they polled Barnes would count them out, just as he did in one district. However, the Anti-Machine people did the best they could, notwith-standing all the odds against them, and having done that they will now, it is understood, fight Harnes in the only proper way to fight such a machine; that is, hold separate primaries and conventions.

The presence of Lieutenant-Governor Saxton in IT IS DISPLAYED ACROSS BROADWAY BY THE town this week has imparted a new interest to his canyass. It is undoubtedly gaining strength rapidly. Even his rival, Speaker Fish, concedes that he will have 200 votes in the convention. Mr. Saxton says nothing himself, but his friends smile ticket. If persons who usually stroil up and down and say that the Speaker's estimate will be found exceedingly conservative when the clans gather at Saratoga. Injustice and injury have been done Mr. Saxton by the reports that he had an under-Saxton by the reports that he had an understanding with Mr. Platt and that at the last moment they would join forces in triumph. This charge has been repeatedly denied with vehemente by the Licutemant-Governor's friends, but it was only this week that an absolute and unqualified denial of it was made by Mr. Saxton himself. To a personal friend in this city he declared on his word and honor as a gentleman that there was not one scintilla of truth in the assertion that he was not as absolutely free and unfettered in his canvass as any man in the State of New-York. Neither it is true that State Senator John Raines is secretly aiding him. Raines is his political enemy, has been, and, for all he knows, will be so long as they are in public life.

Frederick S. Gibbs tells his friends that he proposes to live up to the full requirements of his new position as member of the Republican National Committee. He declares himself to be against the Committee. He declares himself to be against the shameful methods of Lauterbach, Gruber and Van Cott, and will show his opposition in a practical way when the time comes. The time is fast approaching, and Mr. Gibbs will have an opportunity to prove he is either sincere in his protestations or one of the most contemptible liars in the State of New-York. The Anti-Machine organization of the county declared in its memorial to the State Committee that the party will be fairly represented at Saratoga, whether the delegates be chosen under the auspices of the machine or not. In carrying out his determination Mr. Gibbs will have an opportunity to make either a creditable or a discreditable record for himself. It is to be hoped that he will rise above his surroundings. He owes very little to Mr. Platt and he knows it.

DEDICATED TO CATHOLIC EDUCATION.

Plattsburg, N. Y., July 19.-The second week of Catholic Summer School opened to-day in a most auspicious manner. Pontifical high mass was celebrated at St. John's Church, with Arch-bishop Fabre, of Montreal, as celebrant; Dr. Laughlin, of Philadelphia, high assistant priest; the Rev. Daniel J. O'Mahoney, of Lawrence, Mass., and the Rev. Joseph Wilmas, of Syracuse, N. Y., deacons of honor; the Rev. Daniel A. Morrissey, of Philadelphia, deacon of mass; the Rev. J. M. Flemming, Lawrence, Mass., sub-deacon, and the Rev. E. Provost, of Montreal, and Dr. Conaty, Worcester, Mass., masters of ceremonies. The Rev. A. P. Doyle, of New-York, delivered an able sermon on "Christian Unity." During the afternoon the chapet and lecture-hall

During the afternoon the chapei and lecture-hall on the grounds were dedicated by Bishop Gabriels, of the diocese of Ogdensburg, and the ceremony was witnessed by hundreds of Catholics and non-Catholics. At the conclusion of the ceremonies Dr. Conaty, president of the school, presented the buildings and grounds to Bishop Gabriels for the use of Catholic educational purposes. The Bishop in reply accepted the trust in the name of the Church and predicted great success for the school. This was followed by addresses by Dr. Loughlin, J. B. Riley, United States Consul at Ottawa; Major Byrne, of New-York; Professor Pallen, of St. Louis; Dr. Pace, of the Catholic University at Washington, and Archbishop Fabre.

There are now nearly three hundred students in attendance, and the present week gives promise of a much larger numbes.

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HURT IN A TROLLEY ACCIDENT.

SEVEN PERSONS INJURED WHEN A NASSAU

LINE CAR JUMPED THE TRACK. Seven persons were injured in a trolley accident which happened in Brooklyn shortly before midnight last night. A car of the Nassau road on the

Fifth-ave. line, which was returning riom Coney Island, while on its way to the Thirty-ninth-st. ferry, jumped the track at Thirty-ninth-st and Tenth-ave. The car was well filled with passengers and was oing at the speed of fifteen miles an hour. When the shock came the passengers were thrown to

the street with violence. Many of them were forth nate enough to escape with only slight bruises, but seven were more or less seriously injured. The conductor, Patrick Donoghue, was seriously buet in the back and was taken to the Norwegian Hos pital. Mrs. Charles Gray, of No. 231 Thirty-seve st., Brooklyn, received a bruised hip. Bertha Sipst., Brooklyn, received a bruised hip, Bertha Sipkins, No. 405 Cherry-st., New-York City, had her arm bruised; Mrs. E. Roberts, of Bath-ave, and Bay Thirteenth-st., Brooklyn, had her leg cut; William Hartstadt, of Clarkson-ave., Flatbush, sustained a probable fracture of the ribs; Amelia Hooton, also of Clarkson-ave., Flatbush, bruised shoulder: J. Dougherty, Thirty-seventh-st and Ninth-ave., Brooklyn, forehead hurt and left arm bruised. The motorman, Daniel Mahoney, was arrested all the injured were attended by Norwerian Hospital ambulance surgeons and went to their homes with the exception of the conductor.

ON DIAMOND FIELDS.

BROOKLYN LOSES THE ST. LOUIS SERIES St. Louis, July 19.-The Brooklyns lost the deciding game of the present series to-day. Pitcher Daub went to the bench after five innings, and Brooklyn's hits well scattered. Sersational ficting by both sides abounded. In the absumes of a starg ump.re. Murphy and McCarthy officiated to the satisafetion of all. Attendance, 5,000. The some

Brooklyn

Earned rune—St. Louis, 2; Brooklyn, 1. Two-base hits

Turner, Parrott, Lachance, Turner have hit—Jones
Sacrifice hits—Gross, Griffin, First base on bails—Off
Turner, Anderson, Struck out—By Hart, 3, by Harper,
I. Wild pitch—Daub, I. Umpires—Metarthy and Murphy, Time—1:55.

SUNDAY GAMES IN THE WEST. Chicago, July 19.—Chicago won both games from Washington to-day. McGuire's poor throw to first let in two runs in the first game, and was the cause of defeat. McJames and Griffith pitched good ball. Mercer's arm gave out in the second game, and he was replaced by German. Both were he, freely, while Friend held the "Senators" safe all the way. The grounds were muddy, and sharp fielding was out of the question. The score of the first game follows:

The score of the second game was as follows: Chleago 0 1 1 2 6 1 6 0 xWashington 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 6 1
Cincinnati, July 19—The largest crowd that ever witnessed a ball game in Cincinnati saw Baltimore win the last game of the series this afternoon. Foreman began the game, but Fisher relieved him

in the third inning. In the seventh, owing to Sheri-dan's decisions, the locals went to pieces, and the champions scored nine unearned runs. Hoffer pitched a good game. The features were kelly's and Keeler's batting and the fielding of Jennings and McPhee. Attendance, 23.84. Score. Louisville, Ky., July 19,-Cleveland took two games from Louisville this afternoon, in the pregames from Louisville this activities of baseence of the largest crowd in the history of baseball in this city. Thirteen thousand five hundred
people packed the grandstand and "bleachers" and
overflowed the sides of the park. The last time
the "Spiders" were here several figured in the police
court for disorderly conduct in the field. To-day
they brought a crowd of "rooters" along but were
very tame. McFariand walked off the field after
fining McCreery \$10 for disputing a decision, and
declared he would umpire no further on account a
fector of the man and two bases at
balls gave Cleveland the first game. Young wo
the second for the "Spiders" by keeping Louisville's hits well scattered. Cleveland has signed
Pitcher McDermott, just released by Louisville.
The score of the first game follows:
Cleveland 0 1 2 0 1 0 0 0 4
Louisville.

The score of the second game was as follows:

The score of the second game was as follows: 

JAPANESE INVESTIGATING MEXICO.

TWO OFFICIALS COME TO ODSEEVE THE POSSIBILA TIES OF COLONIZATION AND AGRICULTURE.

San Francisco, July 19 (Special).-On the steam China, which arrived to-day, were Shonemoto and Knosakado, two Japanese Government officials who have come over here to make a thorough investigation of the agricultural possibilities of Mexico and of the prospects of Japanese colonization in that Boundle, in that Republic. Knosakado also represents a large Japanese company which is ready to close a contract for a tract of 300,000 acres in the Mexican State of Chiapas if he finds that everything is according to contract. The company will grow tobacco, sugar and other products, and in conceiton with it will establish a steamship line which will touch at Santiago and then call at all the principal ports of Mexico and Central America. It will be the effort of this company to make it will be the effort of this company to make from the Southern States, which will then be carfrom the Southern States, which will then be carried by steamer to Japan. Both declare that Japanese cotton manufacture is only in its infancy.

> When Baby was sick, wegave her Castoria. When she was a Child, se cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Chikiren she gave them Caston

Munvadi János DO NOT TAKE SUBSTITUTES. DOES NOT LEAD HIS BIBLE CLASS.

came from the postoffice to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan attended services at the First Presbyterian Church this morning, and

The makers of Bryan cigars and Bryan whiskey

may be said that Mr. Bryan neither drinks spirituous liquors nor smokes tobacco. Little presents from enterprising merchants are also being delivered. Mr. Bryan authorizes the statement that he does not desire any gifts, and in order to discourage the sending he has decided not to acknowledge their receipt.

Ruth, William and Grace Bryan, the children of the candidate, do not seem to be much impressed with the important position now occupied by their father, and conducted themselves to-day just as heretofore. Miss Ruth spent most of the afternoon riding a new bicycle. She informed a visitor to-day that she was sure her father would carry D-st, and the Fifth Ward of Lincoln, but as to the general result she preferred to hold her opinion in abeyance until after November 3. She is eleven

TO BEGIN THE FIGHT AT ONCE.

in the Democratic party in Maryland on the Chi-

Senator-elect Wellington, who is in close touch with all the German political leaders in the coun-

THEY ARE FOR M'KINLEY. A GROUP OF PROMINENT SOUTHERN DEMOCRATS

Rockbridge Alum Springs, Va., July 19 (Special),-

bolting Democrats may nominate. Mr. Penzel feels very deeply on the present polit-

they take and the incendiary orators let loose upon their assemblies. The papers tell them that free silver will give them H 15 a bushel for their wheat, instead of 60 cents they now receive, and the walking delegates of Anarchy, in the shape of stump orators all over the State, wave their umbrellas over the heads of the tillers of the soil and shriek it out that executive flat can make those umbrellas as good money as is gold and endow them with an equal standard of value. He had even met southwestern farmers foolish enough to believe that when silver was free they could take one gold dollar to a bank or to the mint and get sixteen silver dollars for it, and that they would thus be made "by fint" sixteen times as rich as they now were. Richmond Maury, whose business is altogether with rich English tobacco-buyers, chuckled when the thought of free silver was suggested to him.

"Why, all my accounts are payable," he said, "in bills of exchange, drawn at sixty days' sight and discounted by New-York brokers. These are paid in gold, and every gold dollar will be worth about two silver dollars on the other side. They would be perfectly willing to pay me in this way. And if what the 'fiat money' people assert is true, the advent of Bryan will just double my income," and he smiled again at the idea of such flush times in store for him.

There is a feeling among these men that Senator David B. Hill went through the ordeal of the Chicago Convention with great credit to himself and issued from it with increased respect and dignity.

mittee, who is to have charge of the Chicago headquarters, yesterday among other things said: "I think the independent position taken by Democrats who refuse to indorse the Chicago nominees is proof of the highest kind of patriotism and devotion to principle."